

# ***Franklin Pierce University, Goodyear Campus 2020 Annual Security Report***

Contains statistics from 2019, 2018, and 2017

## **Introduction**

Dear Member of the Franklin Pierce University Community,

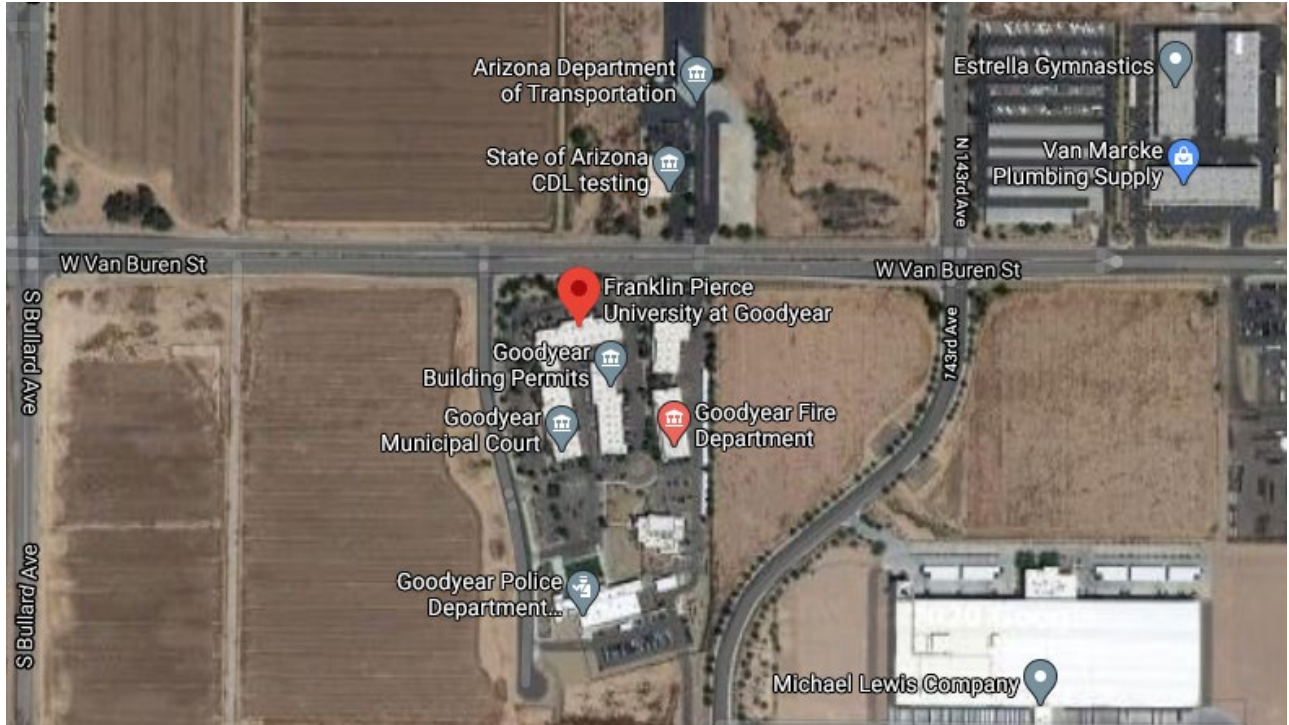
At the Goodyear Campus of Franklin Pierce University, we pride ourselves of being a friendly community of students and instructors, and we try to provide the best possible environment for an education of quality and rigor. Those of us in administration strive to be as helpful, friendly, and accessible as possible.

In order for learning to be successful, it must be done in an environment that is secure and safe. At the Goodyear Campus of Franklin Pierce University, your safety is one of our highest priorities. This Clery report is provided to the Franklin Pierce University community so that you may review appropriate emergency procedures, and review any incidences of crime that may have occurred over the past year.

If you have any questions concerning this report, or have any questions at all concerning safety here at the Goodyear Campus, please bring them to our attention immediately.

## Geography

OUR CAMPUS IN GOODYEAR, AZ IS LOCATED AT 14415 WEST VAN BUREN STREET, BUILDING A, SUITE 100, GOODYEAR, AZ 85338.



## Reporting Crimes and Emergencies

All members of the Franklin Pierce University, Goodyear Campus, are encouraged to report emergencies and suspected criminal activity to the Campus Director or administrative staff IMMEDIATELY. The administrative staff will contact the Goodyear Police Department, when crimes or emergencies are reported to their offices.

The Goodyear Police Department is part of the 9-1-1 emergency phone system for immediate emergency assistance. If you witness a crime or wish to report an emergency, call 9-1-1 or report in person to the administrative staff office. If the office is closed, please use the courtesy phone in the student lounge. This is a free call from the courtesy phone.

When reporting a crime or emergency;

1. **Remain calm.**
2. **Give the location of the incident** - address, room number.
3. **Identify yourself** and give a **call back telephone number**. Your identity will remain confidential if you wish, however it is important we be able to contact you if we need additional information.
4. **State the incident you are reporting** i.e. theft, medical emergency, etc.
5. **Describe the scene** - who and how many people are there, if medical treatment is being given, description of subjects, etc.
6. **State the subject's direction of flight**, if applicable.
7. **Stay on the phone** until the dispatcher has recorded all of the information.

When a crime or other serious incident is reported, a Goodyear Police Officer will be dispatched to the scene to render assistance and/or investigate the incident. If the situation presents a significant or imminent danger to the Community, the Campus Director will determine if notice needs to be made to other members of the campus. All information regarding reports of criminal activity will be forwarded to the Director of Campus Safety at the Rindge campus.

Response to fire emergencies is provided by the Goodyear Fire Department.

The Goodyear Fire Department provides response to medical emergencies

## **Confidential Reporting**

While it is preferable for reports to be made to the Goodyear Police Department, we understand that some people are not comfortable speaking with an officer.

Information regarding an incident can be submitted on a confidential basis to one of the following people:

Kimberly Somers, Director of Clinical Education 623-518-2386  
Andrew Pollom, Dean of Student Affairs 603-899-4162  
Kristofer Towle, Director of Campus Safety 603-899-4120  
Dawn Broussard, Director Human Resources 603-899-4077

A confidential "Third Party Report" form with information regarding the incident will be completed; however no names or identifying information will be used without the consent of the victim. The "Third Party Report" will be forwarded to the Director of Campus Safety at the Rindge Campus. No follow-up or investigation will be conducted without the consent of the reporting party.

## **Sexual Offender Information**

The Goodyear, AZ Police Department is responsible for maintaining a current list of sexual offenders, which are required to register in the City of Goodyear.

Any interested party may view the list at the police department at:

Goodyear Police Department  
175 N. 145<sup>th</sup> Avenue  
Goodyear, AZ 85338  
623 932-1220

## **Access to Campus Facilities**

The offices, grounds, classrooms, and parking lot of Franklin Pierce University, Goodyear Campus, are private property and are for the use of current Franklin Pierce University students, faculty and staff. This includes computer rooms and lounges. All visitors to the campus must stop at the main office. The campus staff secures administrative offices and classrooms at the earliest possible hour, given their projected use each day. Unauthorized persons found on campus may be subject to criminal prosecution.

## **Lockouts and Lost Keys**

A faculty or staff member locked out of an office or other secured area should contact the administrative staff. In the case of lost or stolen keys, faculty and staff members should notify Dr. Currey or Program Coordinator, Vicki Fox, immediately.

## **Campus Safety and Maintenance Issues**

Maintenance problems affecting the safety and security of the campus are given high priority. Maintenance personnel are on-call to rectify problems that present an immediate compromise to safety.

Administrative staff document and report maintenance needs as part of their regular duties. The staff works closely with the building management and Facilities personnel to maintain a safe and pleasant environment for living and working.

## **Authority and Relationship with Other Agencies**

The administrative staff at the Goodyear Campus of Franklin Pierce University provides security to the campus during normal hours of operation. The staff, acting as agents of the University, is authorized to enforce policies and regulations of the University and to refer those individuals in violation to the Assistant Dean, the Dean of Graduate and Professional Studies, the Director of Campus Safety, and/or the Vice President of Student Affairs. The Goodyear Police Department periodically patrols the exterior of the campus as part of their regular patrols. Matters of a criminal nature brought to the attention of the staff are reported to the Goodyear Police Department. A report is also made to the Director of Campus Safety on the Rindge campus.

## **Preparation of the Annual Crime Report**

Beginning in fall 2000, the Director of each of the Graduate and Professional Studies Campuses will prepare the Annual Crime Report.

The Director of Campus Safety for the Rindge campus compile the information for the Campus Crime Report and are responsible for its publication. Statistics for crimes that occurred on campus are gathered from incident reports and a request is made to the Goodyear Police Department to supply information regarding crimes reported and alcohol, weapons and drug arrests in the area surrounding campus. The Campus Director compiles statistics on disciplinary referrals for drug and alcohol violations, which are included in the report. It is the practice of the University that all incidents reported to other offices be reported to Campus Safety for documentation and follow-up.

The annual report is prepared at the close of the academic year; however statistics reflect activity that occurred during the previous calendar year.

## Crime Awareness and Prevention Programs

Crime awareness is the key to crime prevention.

- *Crime Alerts* - issued when a crime or pattern of crimes or other activity has occurred which present an immediate and significant danger to the Community. Crime Alerts are posted on those areas affected and notification made to other areas, if applicable.
- *Campus Alerts* - issued to advise the Community of relevant information in other areas of concern, i.e. weather or storm advisories, traffic advisories, potential or real power outages, etc.

## Possession, Use And Sale Of Alcohol And Drugs

Possession and use of non-prescribed drugs is incompatible with the educational process and inconsistent with the purposes of the University community. State and federal law prohibits the possession of drug paraphernalia, and the sale of drugs will result in separation from the University and prosecution.

Use, possession, or distribution of narcotics or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law (e.g. prescription drugs) is forbidden. Federal and state law regarding narcotics and controlled substances shall be strictly observed and enforced. Drug related devices are forbidden on University premises; in accordance with state law.

FPU prohibits alcoholic beverages in all public areas of the campus, including lounges and corridors and outdoor areas unless special permission is received for a particular function.

The University prohibits common sources of alcohol. Common source is defined as a large amount of alcohol present which is in excess, or beyond a reasonable amount, for the number of people present who are 21 years of age or older. Common sources include, but are not limited to, kegs and beer balls.

As a member of the Franklin Pierce University community, students reside in the state of Arizona, and are therefore responsible for knowing and abiding by all the state laws. State law forbids the possession of alcoholic beverages as a minor. No licensed sales agent, nor any other person, shall sell or give away or cause or permit or procure to be sold, delivered or given away any liquor or beverages to a person under the age of 21 years, to an habitual drunkard, to an insane person, to a person under the influence of liquor, or to any other person to whom any court, selectman of a town, chief of police, overseer of public welfare or the commission shall prohibit sale. Students over 21 are subject to prosecution if they sell or give alcoholic beverages to a minor. Also ARS Title 28 Chapter 4 is amended to provide that a driver under the age of 21 with a Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) if 0.02 or more may be charged with DWI. For an average person, 0.02 BAC would be less than the equivalent of one beer or light drink. Alcohol and Other Drugs Concerns Committee is assembled periodically to review these and other related regulations. An Alcohol and Other Drugs Committee recommends to the Vice President for Student Affairs the appropriate campus policies and programs.

The University has adopted the following guidelines:

1. The University has the responsibility to exercise prudent control over the use of alcohol on and off-campus at University-sponsored events.
2. Food and non-alcoholic beverages of sufficient quantity must be available whenever alcoholic beverages are served at events on or off-campus.
3. Individuals and/or sponsors of activities, events, or parties where alcohol is served are responsible for clean-up and damage.
4. Special permission must be obtained for special functions in other locations (on or off-campus) from the appropriate member of the Senior Staff.
5. Incident reports from the Campus Director indicate if an incident is alcohol-related and are reported to the Dean of Graduate and Professional Studies.
6. In promoting University events, alcoholic beverages may not be mentioned in advertising material.
7. Specific alcohol policies can be found in the Student Code of Conduct.

## **Firearms, Fireworks & Other Weapons**

Possession or use of any type of firearms, other weapons, or firecrackers/fireworks on University property is not allowed, and violations would be viewed as a serious offense. (On-duty law enforcement officers are exempt from this prohibition.) Any weapons confiscated will be turned over to the local police and/or destroyed.

## **Sexual Assault Policy & Reporting Procedure**

Sexual Assault describes behavior that includes, but is not limited to, all actions, which constitute sexual abuse. Incidents of “date rape” or “acquaintance rape” are considered physical abuse under the Student Code of Conduct “Article III: Proscribed Conduct” and are treated as a serious offense. “Rape” is defined as sexual penetration without the consent of the victim. “Date Rape” is rape in a situation where the parties know one another. Any form of unwanted touching is also considered sexual abuse, and as defined in this Code, physical abuse. Non-forcible sex offenses include incest and statutory rape only.

Victims of sexual assault should contact the Campus Director, Campus Safety, Student Affairs or Human Resources to report an incident. Sexual Assault is also a violation of state law and victims may choose to pursue criminal charges through the Goodyear Police Department or the Goodyear District Court,

although they are not required to do so. The University will assist the victim if s/he chooses to report the incident to the local police.

## PROCEDURE

The following guidelines are for the immediate care of a person who has been sexually assaulted, abused, or raped. The primary concern of the caregiver is the emotional wellbeing of the assaulted person. Circumstances and survivor needs vary greatly. This format is a guide while keeping in mind the needs of the survivor as the primary focus.

1. The victim should notify the Campus Director.
2. Immediate medical needs will be assessed. If emergency medical assistance is required, the caregiver may do either of the following;
  - a. Dial **9-1-1** or
  - b. Assist the victim in getting transportation to the emergency room.
3. The caregiver will notify his/her immediate supervisor of the incident.
4. The victim will be informed of his/her right to report the incident to the Goodyear Police Department.
5. The caregiver will provide the following options to the victim, while respecting his/her right to choose the type and extent of medical and psychological intervention;
  - a. Encourage the victim to seek treatment at an emergency room for presence of sexually transmitted disease and/or pregnancy; evaluate and treat injuries; and collect evidence.
  - b. The victim may choose to seek treatment at a Health Center in lieu of the emergency room, however they will not collect evidence;
  - c. Encourage the victim to contact the **Sexual Assault Support Services** at. **(480) 736-4949**
  - d. The victim may wish to have no medical or psychological evaluation.
6. If the victim chooses to be treated at the emergency room, s/he;
  - a. Should be advised not to smoke, eat or drink anything,
  - b. Should not shower, douche, brush teeth, rinse mouth or wash any other part of the body,
  - c. Should bring a change of clothes.
7. The victim should be advised not to wash clothes or bedding that may contain physical evidence.



8. With the victim's consent, the Goodyear Police Department will proceed with an investigation of the incident. Information regarding the victim and the incident will be provided on an "as needed" basis only to those persons directly involved in the incident, investigation or judicial process.
9. If the victim and the accused share classes, the victim will be given the option to reschedule to another facility or class when such option is reasonably available, pending case outcome.
10. The victim and accused have the same rights during all phases of the campus judicial process.
11. Both the accuser and the accused will be informed of the outcome of any campus disciplinary proceeding involving sexual assault.

Sanctions for sexual assault (physical abuse) can include disciplinary action up to and including suspension and expulsion.

<b>Emergency Numbers</b>
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<b>Fire/Medical/Police</b>	<b>911</b>
<b>Goodyear Police Department</b>	<b>(623) 932-1220</b>
<b>West Valley Hospital</b>	<b>(623) 882-1500</b>
<b>Southwest Valley Advocacy Center (Women and Children)</b>	<b>(623) 333-7900</b>
<b>Sexual Assault Hotline</b>	<b>(480) 736-4949</b>
<b>EMPACT Suicide Prevention Hotline</b>	<b>1-866-205-5229</b>

## REPORTABLE CRIMES AND DEFINITIONS

### **Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter:**

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

### **Manslaughter by Negligence:**

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

### **Sexual Assault:**

Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

Fondling: The touching of the private parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

### **Robbery:**

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

### **Aggravated Assault**

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Include as Aggravated Assaults:

- Assaults or attempts to kill or murder
- Poisoning (including the use of date rape drugs)
- Assault with a dangerous or deadly weapon
- Maiming
- Mayhem
- Assault with explosives
- Assault with disease (as in cases when the offender is aware that he or she is infected with a deadly disease and deliberately attempts to inflict the disease)

by biting, spitting, etc.)

Firearm. Any aggravated assault in which a firearm of any type is used or threatened to be used

Knife or Cutting Instrument. Assault wherein knives, razors, scissors, bottles, etc. are used

Other Dangerous Weapons. Assaults resulting from the use or threatened use of any object in which serious injury does or could result.

Hands, Fists, Feet Etc. – Aggravated Injury. Attacks using personal weapons such as hands, feet, fists, teeth that result in serious injury

Serious bodily injury includes but is not limited to:

Broken bones

A loss of consciousness

Significant blood loss

Or injury that requires medical treatment or hospitalization such as stitches or casting

### **Burglary**

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft therein. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Forcible Entry. All Burglaries where force of any kind is used to unlawfully enter a structure for the purpose of committing a theft or felony. This rule applies when a thief gains entry by using tools; breaking windows; forcing window, doors, transoms, or ventilators; cutting screens, walls or roofs; and where known, using master keys, picks, unauthorized keys, celluloid, a mechanical contrivance of any kind (e.g., a passkey or skeleton key) or other devices that leave no outward mark but are used to force a lock. This includes Burglary by concealment inside a building followed by exiting the structure.

Unlawful Entry– No Force. Entry of a structure by use of an unlocked or opened door or window. The element of trespass to the structure is essential in this category, which includes thefts from open garages, open warehouses, open or unlocked dwellings (such as dorm rooms) and open or unlocked common basement areas in apartment houses where entry is achieved by someone other than the tenant who has lawful access, or others whom the tenant allows to have free and regular access to the structure. If an item was taken from an unlocked dorm room and you can establish that neither the tenant nor those friends with free and regular access to the room have taken the item, then unlawful access has occurred. In this context, it is important to note that a “breaking” occurs when a perpetrator crosses the threshold of a boundary that results in a trespass. As such it is possible for a burglar to “break” an open doorway or window. There is no requirement that entry be forced in any way or that damage to a door, window or frame be evident.

Attempted Forcible Entry. A situation where a forcible entry into a locked structure is attempted but not completed.

### **Motor Vehicle Theft**

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later

abandoned, including joyriding.)

Automobiles. Theft of all sedans, station wagons, convertibles, Sport utility vehicle, minivans or similar motor vehicles that serve the primary purpose of transporting people from one place to another.

Trucks and Buses. Theft of vehicles specially designed (but not necessarily used) to transport people and cargo. Pickup trucks and cargo vans are included in this category

Other Vehicles. Theft of all other motor vehicles that meet the Uniform Crime Report definition, such as snowmobiles, motorcycles, trial bikes, mopeds, golf carts, all-terrain vehicles and motorized wheelchairs.

## **Arson**

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Structural. This includes the willfully or maliciously burning or attempted burning of houses, townhouses, duplexes, apartments, tenements, flats, hotels, dormitories, boarding houses, barns, garages, warehouses, industrial/manufacturing structures, stores, restaurants, offices, etc.

Mobile. This includes the willfully or maliciously burning or attempted burning of automobiles, buses, motorcycles, trailers, recreational vehicles, airplanes, boats etc.

Other. This includes the willfully or maliciously burning or attempted burning of all property not classified as structural or mobile such as crops, fences, signs, and merchandise stored outside structures are included.

## **Hate Crimes**

A criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim.

Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and /or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind e.g., Asians, blacks or African Americans, whites.

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.

Sexual orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation. Sexual Orientation is the term for a person's physical, romantic, and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and /or opposite sex, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and heterosexual (straight) individuals.

Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, e.g., male or female.

Gender Identity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals. Gender non-conforming describes a person who does not conform to the gender-based expectations of society, e.g., a woman dressed in traditionally male clothing or a man wearing makeup. A gender non-conforming person may or may not be a lesbian, gay bisexual, or transgender person but may be perceived as such.

**Ethnicity:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term “race” in that “race” refers to a grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while “ethnicity” also encompasses additional cultural factors.

**National origin:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth. This bias may be against people that have a name or accent associated with a national origin group, participate in certain customs associated with a national origin group, or because they are married to or associate with people of a certain national origin.

**Disability:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

For Clery Act purposes, Hate Crimes include any or the following offenses that are motivated by bias.

- Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter
- Sexual Assault
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson
- Larceny-Theft
- Simple Assault
- Intimidation
- Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

**Larceny-Theft** is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

**Simple Assault** is an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

**Intimidation** is to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

**Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property** is to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

### **Dating Violence:**

is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

For the purposes of this definition –

- Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

**Domestic Violence:**

Felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed –

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

**Stalking:** Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to –

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or;
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

For the purposes of this definition –

- Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

**Consent** is defined as the act of willingly agreeing to engage in specific sexual behavior. Silence or non-communication is not to be interpreted as consent and a person in a state of diminished judgment cannot consent. Consent requires that a person is able to freely choose between two options: yes and no. A person is incapable of giving consent if he/she is asleep, unconscious or otherwise unable to communicate. No one who has been threatened or coerced or drugged can consent. A person may be unable to give consent when he/she is under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs or is mentally handicapped. A current or prior sexual or dating relationship does not constitute consent. A person can withdraw consent at any time during the course of a sexual encounter. Pursuing sexual contact in any form whatsoever with an unwilling or non-consenting partner is sexual assault. How exactly we know when the person we're with is consenting to, or refusing a sexual advance can be at times difficult to discern; nevertheless the entire responsibility for correct discernment is upon the person making the advance.

**Arrest** for Clery Act purposes is defined as persons processed by arrest, citation or summons.

#### **Arrests for Weapon Law Violations**

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature.

#### **Arrests for Drug Abuse Violations**

Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

#### **Arrests for Liquor Law Violations**

The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

**Referred for disciplinary action** is defined as the referral of any person to any official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is established and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.

#### **Disciplinary Referrals for Weapon Law Violations**

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature.

#### **Disciplinary Referrals for Drug Abuse Violations**

Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

#### **Disciplinary Referrals for Liquor Law Violations**

The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

<b>Crime Statistics</b>
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<b>Crime Statistics</b>				
<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Criminal Homicide</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Murder/Non-negligent Homicide</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Manslaughter by Negligence</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Sex Offenses</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Rape</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Fondling</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Incest</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Statutory Rape</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0



<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Robbery</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Firearm</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Knife or Cutting Instrument</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Other Dangerous Weapon</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Strong-arm</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Aggravated Assault</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Firearm</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Knife or Cutting Instrument</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Other Dangerous Weapon</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Hands/Fist/Feet</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Burglary</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	1
<b>Forcible Entry</b>	On Campus **	0	0	1
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Unlawful Entry – No Force</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Attempted Forcible Entry</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Motor Vehicle Theft</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Automobiles</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Trucks/Buses</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Other Vehicles</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Arson</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Structural</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Mobile</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Other</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Hate Crimes</b>	<b>Total</b>	0	0	0
<b>Race</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Religion</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Sexual Orientation</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Gender</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Gender Identity</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Ethnicity</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>National Origin</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Disability</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Arrests</b>	<b>Totals</b>	0	0	0
<b>Liquor Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Drug Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Weapons Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

<b>Offense</b>	<b>Venue</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Disciplinary Referrals</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	0	0	0
<b>Liquor Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Drug Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Weapons Law Violations</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

<b>VAWA Reporting Requirements</b>				
<b>Offense</b>	<b>Statistic Year</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Dating Violence</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Domestic Violence</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
<b>Stalking</b>	On Campus **	0	0	0
	Residential Facility	0	0	0
	Non-Campus Building or Property	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0

All records for 2017, 2018 and 2019 were reviewed to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Act. Adjustments have been made to prior years' numbers to ensure accuracy.